

## **Clinical Research Studies**

For more information or to sign up for a study: Please visit https://vr.ucdmc.ucdavis.edu or call Brittani Hilscher at (916) 703-0299

Study Title and Description	Study Components	Age	Diagnosis
SPARK: Simons Foundation Powering Autism Research and Knowledge The purpose of Spark is to recruit, engage and retain a community of 50,000 individuals with Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD) along with their family members in the United States to identify the cause of ASD through saliva samples.  To register visit sparkforautism.org/ucd	⊠Database study ⊠In-home ⊠Saliva Samples # Visits: 0	ALL AGES	Autism Spectrum Disorder
(Autism-ADHD Risk) Share and Distinct Developmental Pathways to ADHD and Autism Spectrum Disorder  The goal of this study is to understand the earliest signs of autism, ADHD, and other developmental concerns in infancy. This study is recruiting babies between 12-18 months of age who have: (1) an older sibling with ASD, (2) a typically developing older sibling, or (3) an older sibling or parent with ADHD. This study focuses on infants who have family members with autism or ADHD because relatives of children with autism and ADHD are at a greater risk of developing these disorders themselves.	⊠Assessments # Visits: 3-4	6-18 months with at least one older sibling with a diagnosis (or a parent with ADD/ADHD)	Autism Spectrum Disorder, ADHD or Typical Development
(LeaP) Learning Preferences in Toddlers with ASD  The purpose of this study is to determine what kinds of images and videos toddlers with Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD) prefer to look at and learn from, and how those preferences may change after behavioral treatment.	⊠Assessments ⊠ERP # Visits: 1-2	12-30 months	Autism Spectrum Disorder, Typical Development
(CAMP) Children's Autism Metabolome Project  The study is evaluating a laboratory test to diagnose Autism Spectrum Disorder in early childhood. This study will compare two methods for diagnosing Autism Spectrum Disorder: a laboratory test performed on a blood sample and standard behavioral testing and observation by a trained Psychologist.	⊠Blood Draws ⊠Assessments # Visits: 1-2	18-48 months	Autism Spectrum Disorder, Developmental Delay or Typical Development
(GAIN) Girls with Autism - Imaging of Neurodevelopment The purpose of the study is to identify biological differences in brain structure and connectivity in girls with Autism Spectrum Disorder.	⊠Blood Draws ⊠MRI ⊠Assessments # Visits: 3	2 to 4 years Females	Autism Spectrum Disorder, Typical Development
(APP) Autism Phenome Project  The primary goal of this study is to define different types of autism and to determine how autism is different from other childhood developmental disorders. By defining different subtypes of autism, we hope to find the cause(s) and better treatments for each type.	⊠Blood Draws ⊠MRI ⊠Assessments # Visits: 3	2 to 3 ½ years Males	Autism Spectrum Disorder, Typical Development
(CHARGE) Childhood Autism Risks from Genetics and the Environment  The goal of this study is to examine factors in the environment that are associated with Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD) and other neurodevelopmental disabilities. Please note: children with Autism Spectrum Disorder must be clients of Alta Regional Center, North Bay, Valley Mountain, or East Bay Regional Center.	⊠Blood Draws ⊠Assessments # Visits: 1-2	2 to 5 years	Autism Spectrum Disorder, Down Syndrome or Developmental Delays (without ASD)
(SERT2) <u>A Controlled Trial of Sertraline (Zoloft) in Young Children with Autism Spectrum Disorder</u> The purpose of this study is to understand the effects of sertraline (Zoloft) on language development and autism symptoms in young children with Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD).	⊠Pharmaceutical ⊠Blood Draws ⊠Assessments # Visits: 3	2 to 6 years	Autism Spectrum Disorder

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(DelTA) Feasibility of Shaping Tolerance for Delayed Rewards in Impulsive 3-6 year olds  The purpose of this study is to test if training to increase self-control can be increased using mobile app technology, with computerized game time being used as a reward.	⊠Assessments ⊠Computer Tasks # Visits: 3-5	3 to 6 years	ADHD (all types) or symptoms of high impulsivity/ hyperactivity
(Social Phenotype) Exploring the Social Phenotype of 22q11.2 Deletion Syndrome and Idiopathic Autism Spectrum Disorder (iASD)  The purpose of this study is to advance our understanding of the potentially different biobehavioral bases of social impairments in 22q11.2 deletion syndrome and idiopathic Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD).		6 to 12 years	Autism Spectrum Disorder or 22q11.2 Deletion Syndrome
(N Pronto) Expanding and Evaluating The Prototype of a Neurotherapeutic Video Game The purpose of this study is to learn whether certain types of video games alter the way children with 22q and FXS solve problems involving information about space and time.	⊠Assessments ⊠Computer Tasks # Visits: 3	6 to 12 years	22q11.2 Deletion syndrome, Fragile X Syndrome
(TOOLBOX) A Cognitive Test Battery for Intellectual Disabilities The purpose of the study is to explore whether certain types of intellectual or cognitive tests are reliable, valid and sensitive to improvement in evaluating treatment responses among individuals with intellectual disability.	⊠Assessments # Visits: 2-3	6 to 25 years	Fragile X Syndrome, Down Syndrome, Intellectual Disability
(AKILI) An intervention study to assess at-home, game-based digital therapy for treating children with ADHD  The purpose of this study is to evaluate the effects of EVO Multitasking digital therapy versus EVO Words digital therapy on attentional functioning and symptoms in children diagnosed with ADHD.  *3 visits are needed if a child is taking stimulants, will need extra visit to 'washout' from medication.	⊠In Home program  ⊠Assessments  # Visits: 2-3	8 to 12 years	ADHD (all types) or symptoms of high impulsivity/ hyperactivity
(LOVA) Combining Lovastatin and a Parent-Implemented Language Intervention in a Multimodal Treatment for Fragile X Syndrome  The purpose of the study is to test the efficacy of a 20 week multi-modal treatment comprised of lovastatin or placebo, and the Parent-implemented Language Intervention (PILI) in children with FXS.	⊠Assessments ⊠Pharmaceutical ⊠Intervention # Visits: 3	10 to 17 years Males	Fragile X Syndrome
(CARPP) Cognitive Affective Risk and Protective factors for Psychosis in Chromosome 22q11.2 Deletion Syndrome  The purpose of this study is to look at the biological reactions to stress, anxiety levels and how they impact the brain and mind.	⊠Saliva Samples ⊠MRI/ EEG ⊠Assessments # Visits: 2	12 to 18 years	Chromosome 22q11.2 Deletion Syndrome, Typical Development
(MINT) Mapping Impulsivity's Neurodevelopmental Trajectories The purpose of the MINT Study is to better understand how self-control develops in teens and young adults compared to those without ADHD.	⊠MRI ⊠Assessments # Visits: 10-12	15 to 25 years	Suspected ADHD or ADHD Diagnosis, Typical Development
(COCOA) Cognitive Control in Autism  The purpose of the study is to gain a better understanding of cognitive functioning of individuals with Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD) during the transition from adolescence to adulthood.	⊠MRI ⊠Assessments # Visits: 2-3	12 to 27 years	Autism Spectrum Disorder, PDD-NOS, Typical Development
(MARBLES) Markers of Autism Risk in Babies-Learning Early Signs The purpose of this study is to learn everything about mothers' and babies' lives in an effort to see whether there are any risk factors occurring during pregnancy that may be associated with the later diagnosis of Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD). The babies will be followed for 3 years.	⊠Blood Draws ⊠Assessments # Visits: TBD	18 years or older	Mothers who have given birth to a child with ASD or are pregnant or likely to become pregnant